

八年级英语下 每日一练（7）

一、翻译

1. No scientific research showed that eating wild animals was good for our health.

2. For example, if you want to find out how Katy solves problems with her parents, you should ask Katy if she has time to talk and tell her how important her viewpoint is, instead of worrying that Katy is too busy to help you.

3. He realized that Americans could hardly avoid buying products made in China. （英译汉）

4. Many forget that saving the earth begins with small things.

5. She helped you to work out the answers yourself no matter how difficult they were.

6. If their numbers drop too low, it will bring danger to all ocean life.

7. Over the past years, China has played a key role in making the world greener.

阅读下面的短文，将划线部分译成英文或中文。

1. A Chinese man called Cai Lun invented paper about 2,000 years ago. He made it from wood. He took the wood from trees and made it into paper. He then put these pieces of paper together and made them into a book.

Now paper still comes from trees. We use a lot of paper every day. If we keep on wasting paper, there will not be any trees left on the earth. If there are no trees, there will be no paper. Every day, people throw away about 2,800 tons of paper in our city. It takes 17 trees to make one ton of paper. This means that we are cutting nearly 48,000 trees every day. Since it takes more than 10 years for a tree to grow, we must start using less paper from now on. 2. If we don't, we will not have enough time to grow more trees.

So how can we save paper? 3. Some people suggest we should use both sides of every piece of paper. We can also choose drinks in bottles instead of those in paper. We can also use cotton handkerchiefs（手帕） and not paper ones. 4. 当我们逛街时，我们可以使用更少的纸袋子。 If the shop assistant gives use paper bag, we can save it and reuse it later.

Everyone can help to save paper. If we all think carefully, we can help protect trees. 5. 让我们现在采取行动节约用纸。

8. _____

9. _____

10. _____

11. _____

12. _____

参考答案:

1. 没有科学研究表明吃野生动物对我们的健康有好处。

【详解】no scientific research“没有科学研究”; show“表明”; that 引导从句, 无实际意义; eat wild animals“吃野生动物”; be good for“对……有好处”; our health“我们的健康”, 故填: 没有科学研究表明吃野生动物对我们的健康有好处。

2. 例如, 如果你想了解 Katy 是如何与父母解决问题的, 你应该问 Katy 是否有时间交谈, 并告诉她她的观点有多重要, 而不是担心 Katy 太忙而无法帮你。

【详解】根据题干可知, for example 例如; if 如果, 引导条件状语从句; want to do sth 想做某事; find out 找出; how 如何, 引导宾语从句; solve problems with her parents 与父母解决问题; should do sth 应该做某事; ask Katy 询问 Katy; if 是否, 引导宾语从句; have time to do sth 有时间做某事; talk 交谈; tell her how important her viewpoint is 告诉她她的观点有多重要; instead of doing sth 而不是做某事; worry 担心; too busy to help you 太忙而不能帮你。故填: 例如, 如果你想了解 Katy 是如何与父母解决问题的, 你应该问 Katy 是否有时间交谈, 并告诉她她的观点有多重要, 而不是担心 Katy 太忙而无法帮你。

3. 他意识到美国人很难避免买到中国制造的产品。

【详解】he“他”, realize that“意识到”, Americans“美国人”, could hardly“很难”, avoid doing sth“避免做某事”, buy products made in China“买中国制造的产品”, 故填: 他意识到美国人很难避免买到中国制造的产品。

4. 许多人忘记了拯救地球是从小事开始的。

【详解】Many 许多人, 作主语; forget that...忘记, 动词后加 that 引导的宾语从句, saving the earth 拯救地球; begins with small things 从小事开始。故填: 许多人忘记了拯救地球是从小事开始的。

5. 无论它们有多难, 她都能帮助你自己算出答案。

【详解】help sb. to do sth.: 帮助某人做某事; work out the answers: 算出答案; yourself: 反身代词, 你自己; no matter how: 无论如何; they were difficult: 它们难。根据英文提示可知, “no matter how”引导让步状语从句。故填“无论它们有多难, 她都能帮助你自己算出答案。”

6. 如果它们的数量下降得太低, 这将会给所有的海洋生物带来危险。

【详解】If: 如果, 引导条件状语从句; their numbers drop too low: 它们的数量下降得太低; it will: 这将会; bring danger to all ocean life: 给所有的海洋生物带来危险。故填“如果它们的数量下降得太低, 这将会给所有的海洋生物带来危险。”

7. 在过去的几年里, 中国在让世界变得更绿色方面发挥了关键作用。

【详解】over the past years“在过去的几年里”, play a key role in“在……中发挥了关键作用”; make the world greener“让世界变得更绿色”, 故填: 在过去的几年里, 中国在让世界变得更绿色方面发挥了关键作用。

8. 大约 2000 年前, 一个叫蔡伦的中国人发明了纸。 9. 如果我们不这样做, 我们将没有足够的时间来种植更多的树。 10. 有些人建议我们应该使用每一张纸的两面。 11. When we go shopping, we can use less paper bags.

12. Let's take action to save paper now.

【分析】本文介绍了纸来自树木。我们每天用很多纸。如果我们继续浪费纸, 地球上就不会有树了。因此我们应节约用纸。文中介绍了节约用纸的方法。

8. called Cai Lun“被称为蔡伦”, 作后置定语, 修饰名词 man, a Chinese man “一个中国人”, about 2000 years ago“大约 2000 年前”。故答案为: 大约 2000 年前, 一个叫蔡伦的中国人发明了纸。

9. if we don't 表示“如果我们不这样做”, have enough time to do sth.“有足够的时间做某事” grow more trees“种更多的树”。故答案为: 如果我们不这样做, 我们将没有足够的时间来种植更多的树。

10. some people“有些人”, suggest“建议”, 后面接宾语从句, 用 that 引导, that 没有实际意义。both sides of“两面都”, every piece of paper“每一张纸”。故答案为: 有些人建议我们应该使用每一张纸的两面。

11. go shopping“去购物”, when“当……时”, 引导时间状语从句, less paper bags“更少的纸袋”。故答案为 When we go shopping, we can use less paper bags.

12. let sb. do sth.“让某人做某事”, take action to do sth.“采取行动做某事”, save paper“节约用纸”。故答案为 Let's take